

# THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 13

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Feb. 4, 1932



## OVALTINE

### TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

A dainty, delicious and comforting beverage.

An excellent restoration and body-builder.

Invaluable for infants, growing children, invalids, and for general use.

### The Champion Pharmacy

Phone 9

Druggists & Chemists

## Two Bit Specials for Saturday

Hamburger Steak, 3 lbs. for.....	25c
Pure Pork Sausage, (our own make) 2 lbs. for.....	25c
Pure Lard, 1 lb. package, 3 for.....	25c
Sliced Bacon, 1-2 lb. package, 3 for.....	25c
Handy Pat Butter, 1 lb. for.....	25c

### ALSO

Tip Top Creamery Butter, 2 lbs. for.....	45c
Fresh White Fish, per lb.....	10c

## Champion Meat Market

## Do Your Part to Keep Albertan's Busy. Buy Alberta Made Goods

G.W.G. Overalls, Pant style, heavy Red back 9 oz. weight, sizes 30 to 44, per pair.....	\$1.45
Men's high back Overalls, red strap, cut large and roomy, sizes 32 to 44, per pair.....	\$1.75
Boys Bib Overalls, same weight and same style as men's, extra special, from.....	1.25
Boys G.W.G. Shirts, very warm, each.....	.75
Boys Cossack Pants, made from heavy quality Cord with the G.W.G. secret pocket in Navy blue or Fawn, large sizes, per pair.....	3.95
Men's heavy Blizzard proof Shirts, made coat style, ideal for early spring wear in all new colors, sizes 14 1/2 to 17, each.....	1.75
Heavy Pure Wool Socks, manufactured in Calgary, 6 lbs. to the dozen, extra special, pair.....	.45
Boys heavy all wool Mackinaws, Norfolk style, in Green or Brown, each.....	3.95

## McCullough Bros.

### At Your Service Will buy your Hogs

Every hog graded by government grader.

For shipping dates and prices

**HARRY SMITH**

Phone 1215 for Particulars.



Champion Lodge  
A. F. A. M.  
G. R. A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.

J. H. MOPPATT

W. M.

G. L. DEPUIS

Secretary.

### If you want Value for your Money

### Buy Theriault COAL

More Heat per ton

Less Ash

\$3.00 per ton at mine.

Phone 407

ERNEST RHODES, Operator.

FAIRBAIRN & CLARKE

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

LETHBRIDGE

At Office of Herbert Cooper

Champion, each Saturday afternoon.

## Women's Institute Program for 1932

### January Twelfth

Roll Call—Outstanding Events in 1931. Address—“The Year 1931 in Retrospect”—Mrs. U. S. Alexander. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Stephenson.

### February Ninth

Roll Call—Humorous Valentine Quotations. Mrs. R. L. Baker will read a paper, “Women's Institutes—A Forecase,” by Mrs. W. F. Cameron, President of the Federated Women's Institutes of Canada. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Moffatt.

### March Eighth

Roll Call—Books We should read. Address—“Worth-While Modern Novels”—Miss L. Clarkson. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Wier.

### April Twelfth

Roll Call—Gardening Problems. Address—Mrs. Galsworthy, Provincial Convener, Standing Committee on Agriculture. Delegate's Report of District Conference. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Alexander.

### May Tenth

Address—Mrs. A. L. Martin, Community Convener. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. A. W. Jopling.

### June Fourteenth

Roll Call—Current Events. Report of Provincial Convener. Child Welfare and Public Health. Mrs. Martin, Convener. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Dawson.

### July Twelfth

Roll Call—Patriotic Quotations. Address—“Canadianization and Immigration”—Mrs. F. C. Alcock. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Watkins.

### August Ninth

Address—Legislation—Mrs. Beaulieu, Convener. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. McLean.

### October Eleventh

Roll Call—Canadian Industries—Mrs. Urick, Convener. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Woodhull.

### November Eighth

Roll Call—Famous Women in History. Subject—League of Nations—Mrs. Alexander, Convener. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. Monhard.

### December Thirteenth

Roll Call—Christmas Memories. Annual Meeting and Election of Officers. Exchange of Christmas Gifts. Refreshment Convener—Mrs. D. Smith.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE ESTATE OF JOHN KLEIN LATE OF THE VILLAGE OF CHAMPION, IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, FARMER, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above-named John Klein who died on or about the 26th day of September, A. D. 1931, are required to file with The London & Western Trust Company, Limited, Michael Building, Calgary, Administrators of the Estate of the above-named John Klein, by the 5th day of March, A. D. 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the Decedent among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

DATED the 18th day of January, A. D. 1932.

FAIRBAIRN & CLARKE

Lethbridge, Alberta.

Solicitors for The London & Western Trust Company, Limited, Administrators.

## Officers of O.D.R.P. Installed

The regular meeting of the Order of the Royal Purple was held in the Lodge Room on Tuesday evening Feb. 2nd. A special feature of the evening was the installation of officers for the current year. P. H. L. L. Marshall acted very efficiently as installing officer while Past L. L. B. Siler was assistant installing officer. Following is the list of officers:  
H. R. L.—M. Melton.  
A. R. L.—D. Gottenberg.  
L. L.—M. Gottenberg.  
Lect. L.—B. Ditto.  
Secretary—M. Freese.  
Treas.—L. Laiff.  
Coad.—L. B. Smith.  
Chap.—L. Higgins.  
Outer Guard—M. Jopling.  
Inner Guard—A. Hagg.  
Trustees—M. Melton, M. Sletten, A. Hagg.

After the close of the meeting the ladies entertained the Brother Bille and their lady friends with cards and dancing the local orchestra, Misses Rhodes and Phoebe, Messrs. F. W. Giever and F. Caldwell supplied the music in their mutual acceptable manner.

A delicious supper was served in the banquet room at midnight, the table being decorated with tapers and bouquets of flowers in the lodge colors. A short supper program followed the supper after which dancing was resumed until an early hour. The many comments of appreciation passed by the guests testified to the success of the evening.

## Barons Takes McNaughton Cup

Two rinks of curlers from Champion visited Barons on Thursday of last week. The games played proved very interesting. They returned with the McNaughton cup, Jopling 14, MacMillan 12, Clapp 12, Ridley 9. The return game was played at Champion Wednesday evening with the result that Barons again clinch the cup, Jopling 5, Pickup 22, Clapp 18, Swancosky 6.

## Annual Meeting Well Attended

The annual meeting of the Champion United Church was held in the church Wednesday night, February 3 when a good crowd turned out to hear the reports of the various branches of the church's work. Rev. Peter Dawson occupied the chair with Mr. J. S. Collins as secretary. Reports were listened to with interest from the Sunday School, C. G. I. Ladies Aid, treasurer and minister. All the reports were highly satisfactory and show the work of the church in a healthy and vigorous condition. The election of officers resulted as follows: J. D. McDougall, J. S. Collins, J. D. Henderson, Mrs. A. W. Cullen, Mrs. Alva Baker, Mrs. C. Williamson. After the Benediction a social hour was spent, the ladies supplying the refreshments.

## Champion Literary Society

A meeting of the Champion Literary Society was held in the United Church, Friday, January 28. The feature of the meeting was a debate staged between grade nine and ten, the resolution being: “Resolved that breaking down in competition with railways should be prohibited”. Grade nine upholding the affirmative side of the resolution carried away the laurels.

The next meeting of the Literary Society will be held on February 12 in the United Church at 8:30 o'clock. At this meeting the winners of the last debate will oppose grade eleven debaters. The debaters for grade nine will be as before, Ruth Anderson and Arthur Ulrich and the debaters for grade eleven, Ival Miller and Alva Ulfman. The subject will be: “Resolved that the State should pay Old Age Pensions”, grade nine upholding the affirmative and grade eleven the negative. The meeting promises to be very interesting and a good attendance would be appreciated.

## Champion Theatre

Wed. Feb. 10th

### JUST IMAGINE

With

EL BRENDLE

ALSO

Starting on same program a series of adventures in Africa



Fox News Comedy

Any Seat

Anytime 25c

## CAMPBELLS

### Pay Less

### Live Better

LIBBS CATSUP

Per Bottle

17c

POTATOES

Finest Notted Gems, sack

95c

TEA

Malkins Best, per lb.

47c

FANCY BISCUITS

Fresh from the Ovens, lb.

25c

CANDY

Parry's Coconut Fudge, lb.

25c

SOAP FLAKES

Swift's, per pkg.

19c

ROLLED OATS

Quick or Slow, 8 lb. sack

32c

New Seeds are in Folks

Per pkg. 5c

## Campbell's

“Where They All Go.”

## Long Louie Cafe

For Eleven Years the Leading Restaurant in Champion.

With the completion of recent improvements, including re-painting and decorating, we are in a better position than ever to cater to farmers and others during the busy season.

As it has been in the past so Long Louie's Will continue in the future to be

The Best Place in Town to Eat

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit

in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

## Friday & Saturday Bargains

Salmon, Pink, per tin.....	.08
(Unit 3 tin)	
Peas, choice quality, per tin.....	.10
Corn, 2 tins for.....	.25
Alberta Honey, 5's, per tin.....	.53
Shaker Salt, 2 for.....	.25
Bulk Coffee, ground, per lb.....	.20
Pine Tobacco, 1-2 lb. tin.....	.40
Pine Jam, pure, 4's, per tin.....	.39
P & G Soap, 10 bars for.....	.40
Tomato Paste, per tin.....	.25
Blue Plums, large tin, each.....	.19

### Combination

1 Peaches 1 Pear, 1 Raspberries

1 tin of each, 3 for 55c

## Economy Cash Store

Phone No. 7

## New Way To Raise Grain

When Cereals Produced Two Years Quicker By Electric Light

Successful experiments in the use of electric light in speeding up the growth of wheat plants are being continued at the Victorian state research farm at Wertheim, near Melbourne. The results are proving of practical value in wheat raising and in the introduction of varieties from other countries.

Ordinarily 10 years are required to produce new cross-bred wheats, from the time of cross fertilization until distribution to the farmer. By inclosing the plants in a cage suitably illuminated with electric light it is possible to grow the first three generations of plants in one year, and thus reduce the total time by two years.

Sometimes late varieties possess qualities, such as size of head or grain, which is desirable to introduce into early varieties. As these two types will not flower at the same time, it is not often possible, without artificial aid, to cross them. The use of electric light at a suitable time makes it possible to hasten the development of the late types sufficiently to allow the cross to be made.

The Australian experiments were begun by Professor Wadham in 1920 as a result of observations on the growth of Australian varieties of wheat in England, and of English varieties introduced to Australia. The Australian varieties in England, Professor Wadham noticed, produced very short, pale spikes, with few heads. On the other hand, English varieties in Australia remained immature and green until late in the season, and were thus adversely affected by the hot winds in November and December.

Experiments showed that the period of light which the plant received daily had an important effect on its development. By increasing the daily "daylight" period with the electric light, it was found, the maturity could be hastened. Similarly, by inclosure of the plants in a specially constructed building during the period of daylight, the growth could be retarded.

## In Aid Of The Blind

Conference May Be Held In Ottawa In June

An inter-provincial conference, in the interests of Canada's 5,000 sightless citizens, will probably be held at Ottawa during June, according to John A. Conley, chairman of a newly named Saskatchewan advisory committee of the Canadian Federation of the Blind. The conference will seek federal government action on a move for pensions.

"We are trying to get each provincial government to memorialize Ottawa in favor of pensions for the blind," Mr. Conley said.

"Provincial governments could take such action at sessions in February and March and there would be time to appeal to the federal government before the session at Ottawa closes. If we met at Ottawa in June we could go to the government then."

"Our convention in Regina has helped our organization a great deal. We hope to make much progress as a result of such meetings as these."

## Couldn't Fool Him

"Good morning, Mr. Hardy," said the vicar. "I haven't seen you at church lately. How is that?"

"I don't come to church to be insulted."

"Whatever do you mean?"

"Last time I came to church I was a bit late, and while I was waiting in the porch I heard you call me a fool."

"I am certain you did not."

"Yes, you said I distinctly heard you say. There is no fool like the foolhardy."

So far as the New Year's honors are concerned, Canada is without a peer.

Potatoes are an abundant source of the important vitamin "C," which prevents scurvy.



Prison Governor: "Any complaints?"

Convict: "No, but I would like a curtain for that little window in my door."—Dorffhaber, Berlin.

## W. N. U. 1927

## Many Kinds Of Honey

Buying the Best Is Not As Simple As It Sounds

"Honey," the housekeeper says to her grocer, "honey, in a pint pot." Then she crosses it off her shopping list with a cool satisfaction, a feeling of duty done.

But honey is not so simple as all that. For instance, English honey, gathered by industrious bees from the roses and honeysuckle, and larkspurs and Canterbury bells of 100 trim English gardens, must always be more delicate yet less full in flavor or than Jamaica honey, gathered from who knows what riot of scarlet and purple and wax-white tropic blossom.

And that is only the beginning of the diversity of honeys one may eat. If the "honey" column of a high-class grocer's list is examined, one will find that it is not a list at all, but a poem, a song murmured to a tune as sweet as honeydew.

There is first and foremost orange-blossom honey from Syria—specially should be gathered at a bridal breakfast. Then clover honey and lavender honey—what a cool, Old World sweetness must be theirs. Wild acacia honey and wild thyme honey—these, with which La Belle Dame plied her knight-at-arms? Saffron honey from France and sage honey from California—these should have the favor of herbs about them. Scotch heather honey—one can smell the moors as one reads the name, and feel the tang of northern air on one's cheek. Australian wattle honey—how many of the fluffy golden spikes must the bees have robbed to make a jar of this? Honey of Greece from fragrant Hyacinth, honey from the Isle of Hydra, in the blue waters of the Aegean.

The honey stands demurely on the shelf in small china jars, whose blue and orange, yellow and green and cyclamen are brighter than the flowers from which the honey came. Each jar holds fragrance—and a dream.

Now, will the reader wistfully and knowingly pass them by, still saying, "Honey, please, in a pint jar?" Will she be content to lose the adventure of tasting each subtly different "honey"? Will she be content to walk out of the shop with just an ordinary jar of honey, leaving a dream behind her on the shelf?

## The Age We Live In

Utter To Attempt To Turn The Wheel Of Time Backwards

Mr. J. Moore's definition of "depression"—"A period during which people do without the things their parents never had"—is neat, but the implied reproach is hardly fair. The trouble is that you cannot turn the wheel of time backwards. An individual, for example, may sell his motorcar, or give up his telephone, or refuse to go to the cinema, but you cannot deprive the rest of the motorcar and the telephone and the cinema. Somehow these things are forced upon us by the movement of events; they are the result of growth, and to check them would be like stopping a river in its course—either futile or disastrous. After all, it would not really help us to go back to the conditions of 1850 with the population of 1931—"Observer" in London Observer.

## New Automaton

Photo-Electric Penman Writes With a Pen On Paper

Another robot, this time the photo-electric "penman," was described to the annual meeting of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers in New York.

This new automaton is a brother of the now well established "electric eye." It was used to keep pace with the almost lightning fast speed of the "eye," which hitherto has been able to "see" things faster than engineering devices could record them all.

The "penman" is a combination of photo-electric cells and galvanometers, hooked up with balanced beams of light.

It writes with a pen on paper all the things "seen" by the photo electric eyes.

## Much More Than Toy

The sum of \$15,500,000 is the proposed capital outlay of the Bell Telephone Company in Canada during 1932. Yet the great investor could not prevail upon a single citizen in Newfoundland, Ontario, to risk a solitary cent in what was locally regarded as an interesting toy.

If we can't say anything else of good about 1931 let's at least give it credit for its wealth.

Talking about life in dumb things, most of us have seen a flash spring.

## Only a Superstition

Pigs Not Naturally Dirty Says Agricultural College Manager

It is current superstition that the pig is naturally a filthy creature, but it is only a superstition. The experimental farm which is run by the West of Scotland Agricultural College at Auchinreave in Ayrshire is demonstration that the poor porker has been maligned in this regard. On a recent visit of a party of students they were put into the pen by the spectacle of the piggery and of the accounts of the experience of those who are in charge of the department. The cleanliness of the premises and of the animals in it astonished the visitors and their surprise was so obvious that the manager, James Cochrane, took note of it. Yes, he said, there has always been a common notion that the pig is the animal least concerned about its surroundings, but this piggery demonstrated that the reverse is the case.

Mr. Cochrane added that the pig so far from being dirty, is the only domestic animal possessing naturally clean instincts. You have to train even a cat or a dog, he said, and you cannot train either cattle or horses. They have been known to attempt to give the pig the opportunity to live cleanly as its nature would select, although there are a few examples on the Continent, notably in Sweden. Here, he concluded we are providing the conditions that reveal the pig in his true inclinations, which are worthy of emulation in perhaps higher scales of animal life. The piggery at Auchinreave is such a model of its kind that its plans are being copied by many other experimental farms.

## Everyone Should Use Milk

High In Calcium It Is Necessary For Good Teeth

That good teeth have a direct relation to good health and that defective teeth may lead to serious illness, are two well-established facts. Medical authorities are stressing today more than ever before, the importance of building strong teeth and of maintaining them in good condition by eating the proper foods, by keeping them thoroughly cleaned, and by having them examined periodically by the dentist.

The minerals necessary for good teeth are, fortunately, supplied in our most common and abundant foods. Milk, high in calcium, stands first as the chief tooth builder, and it is of vital importance that the diet of both children and adults should include a sufficient amount of this food to supply the calcium required, says a circular from the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. There will be no danger of a deficiency if milk is served as a beverage, particularly for children, and generously used in the making of cream soups, creamed meats and vegetable dishes, and milk desserts.

## Good For The Money

Father criticized the sermon, mother disliked the blunders of the organist, and the eldest daughter thought the choir's singing atrocious.

The subject had to be dropped when the small boy of the family, with the schoolboy's love of fair play, chimed in with the remark: "Dad, I think it was a jolly good show for a penny."

"It's the old bad 'to dad and 'the bus' to the children, but it's always 'the car' to mother."

## Final Crop Estimate

Wheat Crop Of Canada For 1931 Now Placed At 304,144,000 Bushels

Aggregate value of all field crops in Canada in 1931 is estimated at \$125,000,100 as compared with \$662,040,900 in 1930, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reported recently. The report is the final estimate of the area, yield and value of all crops in the Dominion for the past crop season.

The wheat crop of Canada in 1931 is now estimated at 304,144,000 bushels compared with a revised figure of 430,672,000 bushels for the crop of the previous year. The new estimate for 1931 represents a slight increase of about six million bushels over the provisional estimate of November 12, 1930. Increases occur in Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with the estimates for the other provinces practically unchanged.

Total area under field crops in 1931 is estimated at 57,964,056 acres as compared with 61,214,670 acres the previous year with an aggregate value of \$662,040,900. There was a decline of 4,250,000 acres in the area devoted to field crops in 1931 as compared with 1930, the decrease being equally divided among Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

## Order Has Increased

French People Are Developing Taste For Canadian Apples

We are delighted to know that our friends in France are developing a taste for Canadian apples. Ottawa announces that automatic "one-of-the-kind" machines will be used in Paris for vending this appetizing fruit. One of the largest fruit-importing houses in the Republic has placed an initial order for 30 carloads of apples, valued at \$18,000, and contemplates handling Canadian apples exclusively in the future. Public auctions will be held, in addition to the installation of two thousand of the vending machines already mentioned. It is good to know that Canada is finding new trade opportunities abroad. Of the crop of 1929, we were 2,115 barrels more than France, while last year this figure climbed to 28,261.

## Does Not Deserve Sympathy

Public Opinion Becoming Severe Against Drunken Drivers

Liquor is nowhere so much out of place as in the persons of men and women in charge of a motor car. Public opinion in this country is becoming more severe against the individual who endangers the lives of others by taking the wheel of a car while under the influence of liquor. And rightly so. The driver who injures or takes the life of another person as a result of an accident for which intoxication was responsible is entitled to no sympathy and no leniency.

## Honor For British Explorer

The Cullum geographical medal, one of the highest honors conferred in the United States in recognition of outstanding geographical discoveries, was awarded to Bertram Thomas, British explorer, who last winter made the first recorded crossing of the great southern desert of Arabia.

"Henny, do you love me still?" "Yes—better than any other way."

## Noxious Weed Problem

Southeastern Manitoba Reported To Be Most Heavily Infested

Southeastern Manitoba is most heavily infested with noxious weeds of the Canadian prairies while the Peace River district suffers by far the lightest infestation, according to a report presented at the annual conference at Edmonton, of the Associated Weed Committee of the National Research Council, by J. M. Manson, special investigator for the council.

Mr. Manson recently completed an exhaustive weed survey for the research council. This showed that weed infestation was governed to a large extent by the moisture and type of soil. Irrigation districts and areas around lakes suffered severely, but, relatively speaking, infestation was worse because practically nothing but weeds grew there this year.

An interesting experiment proving the value of better farming methods was reported by Dr. L. E. Kirk, formerly of the University of Saskatchewan, now agronomist for the Federal Department of Agriculture.

The Federal Department acquired a section and a half farm over-run with weeds in the dry district of southwestern, near Lakewood, two years ago. Better farming methods were applied, with the result that last year, while most of the neighboring farmers were being fed on reagents, this farm, now rid of three-quarters of its weeds, produced several thousand bushels of good grain, sweet clover and seed potatoes.

## Taking Place Of Horse

Trucks and Tractors Making Animals Of Little Use

The rapid progress of the truck and tractor in taking the place of the horse is shown in the number of horses in the last decade. Ten years ago there were 3,610,494 horses in Canada, while at the end of that period there were 2,285,000, showing a decrease of 315,944, or more than 30,000 per year. At the beginning of the decade there were about 55,300 trucks in Canada, as compared with a total of 165,484 at the end of that time. At the beginning of the decade there were 485,378 cars, or one for every 19 persons in the Dominion, while the latest figures available give a total of 1,239,889, or seven persons to each car.

## This Speedy Age

Airplanes Can Travel Over 24,733 Feet Per Minute

Airplanes can travel at speeds above 200 miles an hour, automobiles at over 200 miles an hour, speed boats at better than 100 miles an hour, human beings, horses and dogs at lesser speeds. Translated into feet per minute, airplanes can travel more than 24,733 feet per minute, automobiles better than 17,600, and speed boats better than 8,900 feet per minute. Old then that one hears operators in elevators of new buildings tell that the elevator covers more than 1,000 feet a minute, which when translated into miles per hour is somewhat less than 12.

In the average London residence one ton of water is being used every day.

The only difference between repaire and impudence is the size of the man who says it.

## First Rule Of The Road

Be Absolutely Sure Your Brakes Are In Working Order

A glacial locomotive moved majestically out of the railway round-house the other morning preparatory to being coupled to a long train for a fast journey across several states. In the cab sat a veteran engineer watching carefully the performances of his son, a young man just beginning his service as master of the speeding wheels and rods. Suddenly the grizzled engineer reached out his hand as the engine gathered speed and applied the mechanical power controlling the brakes. The locomotive instantly slackened its speed. The son looked quizzically at his father, failing to understand the reason for his action.

"Before you start out on a run be absolutely sure your brakes are in working order," admonished the veteran engineer with a smile. That's one of the first rules of the road—and it is sure to prevent things going wrong in time of emergency."

A similar standard of practice could be applied with profit to anyone who transports passengers in his automobile. How many pilots of cars know for a certainty when they set out across streets thickly strewn with traffic whether their brakes are good? How many drivers of trucks set the wheels in a swift second after the foot is applied—whether they are complete masters of the mechanics of the machine—up to the point of a smash-up is delicate brakes. One way to cut down the hazards of fast motor travel is for every driver occasionally to test the gripping power of his brakes, perhaps each time he leaves the garage. And, of course, the motorist who always knows his brakes are "not taking hold as they should" is too voluble in his criticism of himself of the road until they are fixed.—Christian Science Monitor.

## The Port Of Moonshine

Flourishing Port On James Bay Was Formerly Moose Harbor

Page a new name on the map of Ontario—"Moonshine." Only a few years ago it could only be reached by dog team. Formerly, when it became anything of a place at all, it was known as Moose Harbor. Eleven years ago a party of American balloonists came down there, and such was the state of civilization that eleven days elapsed ere news of their safety reached the outer world by means of Indian runners.

If those who landed there today could they step into a Pullman car or the Trans-Manitoba and Northern Ontario Railway and eighteen hours later find themselves back in New York. The new port will add to the growing prosperity of this district and railway. Moonshine will be a grain and are port. There is an immense area of unexplored territory in the neighborhood, known to contain hematite deposits. A little to the south is a lignite field where preliminary mining has revealed the presence of 100,000,000 tons of soft coal. A huge smelting industry is in prospect up there.

The James Bay area, not long ago considered a wild and uninhabitable place, may soon become one of the most prosperous shipping and industrial parts of Canada.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Diamond Mines In Canada

Locked in the wilderness of Canada's far north is "an inestimable rich source of diamonds," according to Dr. Sidney H. Ball, of New York, gem specialist and consulting mining engineer. Addressing the Royal Canadian Institute at Toronto, Dr. Ball asserted the Dominion might hold a potential diamond mine to rank among the foremost of the world.

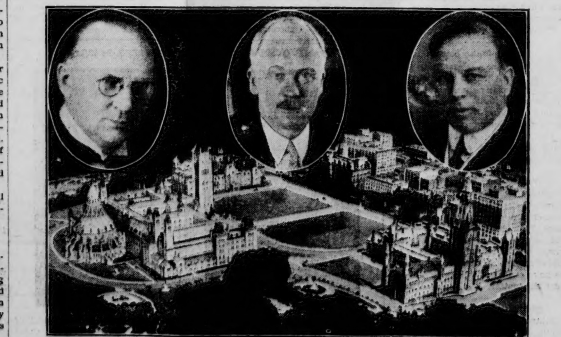
Some 50 species of coffee plant exist, but only a few are commercially grown.

A vain woman and a drunkard are never satisfied with a moderate use of the glass.



"Do you think your family will accept me as your husband?" "Don't worry—they are used to my strange habits"—Esquella, Barcelona.

## PARLIAMENT WILL BE THE CENTRE OF INTEREST FOR NEXT FEW MONTHS



Parliament Hill, Ottawa, will be a busy spot for the next few months following the opening of the Second Session of Parliament by His Excellency the Earl of Bessborough on February 4th. This was the first time that the present Governor-General performed the duty with the opening of the Parliament. Above is a unique aerial view of Parliament Hill, Ottawa, showing the Parliament Buildings and East and West blocks. Inset, left to right, are the Right Honourable R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister; His Excellency the Governor-General; and Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, Leader of His Majesty's Loyal Opposition in the House of Commons.

## Possible Changes In Our Present Economic System Stressed By Robert Gardiner

Possible change in the present economic system of government was stressed by Robert Gardiner in his presidential address to the annual convention of the United Farmers of Alberta. Mr. Gardiner, U. of A. member in the House of Commons for Acadia, succeeded Henry Wise Wood as president of the former body when Mr. Wood retired last year after 10 years as head of the organization.

In his first presidential address Mr. Gardiner declared that if the present economic system "has not reached its full maturity, the present depression will pass, but if it has, fundamental changes in the social system are impending." Social change he believed inevitable.

"I do not believe that the changes when they come, will inevitably be in the interests of the masses of mankind," he told the 500 delegates from the various parts of Alberta. "The elements which dominate the existing system will undoubtedly endeavor to guide the processes by which the succeeding system may be established. Those elements are to be found outside our parliamentary institutions; for in the light of recent history it is becoming increasingly apparent that political governments occupy but a secondary place in the scheme of things."

The president declared that governments apparently chose "to abdicate before the threat of irresponsible elements rather than to take the people behind them, as they might, by a bold effort to free industry from its trammels." He said the "real struggle" was carried on by "realists" who "desist in hard facts—money, credit, the whole machinery of commerce and industry, and the manner of its control."

"Some of the most influential of these people are obsessed by the will to power, by the ambition to be the complete control of the social system. If they do succeed in maintaining control of the processes in the not distant future the substance of its most perfect form, of the service state, the establishment, beneath it, may be, the guises of benevolence, of a tyranny such as the world has not yet known."

Mr. Gardiner, however, believed that "mass intelligence" was developed and organized in such a manner that it controlled and guided the processes of change, "we can confidently look forward to an age of plenty, to an era in world history, brighter, perhaps, than any which the human mind has yet conceived."

He pleaded for "interest" in understanding and organization which he declared necessary. "If we choose to take the path to a better social order," development in the strength of the local, "the basis of our organization," was stressed by the president as essential to the success of a co-operative commonwealth.

Unemployment and the gold standard were referred to by the farm leader. He believed that the "positive genius of the present generation was permitted full play it would result in a higher standard of living and provide the people with an abundance of leisure for self-development, but it was increasingly manifest that this could not occur under the present economic order. Depreciation of the Canadian dollar, he continued, made it doubtful whether a single commodity such as gold could be successfully used under all conditions as a basis for the issue of currency and credit.

In reference to reparations, the president pointed out the tendency to blame the result of the war for the breakdown, but he maintained that if this problem had been non-existent the deficits in the present competitive economic system would sooner or later have produced a similar financial crisis which prevails at present. The chief threat to the peace of the world

lies in intensified commercial competition between nations and only when it is recognized that underlying economic causes make war inevitable will peace appear.

For governments to balance budgets under prevailing conditions it was necessary to decrease expenditures or increase taxation. "To increase, however, the taxes of those whose income is below or only at present on a bare subsistence level would be to increase present hardship," he added.

"If, however, increased taxation were confined to those who have the ability to pay, those whose incomes are more than is necessary to meet reasonable requirements, no apparent harm would be done."

The president urged that there be no further alienation of the natural resources of Alberta to private interests, but that they be developed under public ownership, for the benefit of the present and future generations. He referred to the serious situation of the transportation systems in the dominion, but added that comment on this matter would be unwelcome.

The farmer's predicament was serious. Even where crops were excellent the return barely covered the costs of production, leaving little or nothing to meet other liabilities. "The price of the goods, and services which the farmer must purchase have been only slightly reduced in comparison with the prices received by the farmer for the products of his labor."

The price of farm products on the market and mortgage loans and other farm indebtedness remain as high as formerly. "Even if commodity prices other than farm products were reduced to a parity with the present prices of agricultural commodities, it would still be impossible for the farmer to meet in full liabilities contracted during a period of high prices," he concluded.

"The soundness of the cooperative principle, however, was never more widely recognized than today," he urged the farmers to continue strengthening of the co-operative institutions.

### Apples and Oranges

Amusing Story Regarding Competition Between Fruit Growers

Competition between rival fruit-growers of California and Oregon has led to curious attempts at all kinds of publicity. In their eagerness to use no opportunity for attracting attention to themselves and suppressing their competitors, the orange-growers did not overlook the approach of "Apple Cart" to the California territories.

The director of the play received a call from a delegation of orange-growers, who requested that he change the name to "The Orange Box" while it played in their State. He refused. "The soundness of the cooperative principle, however, was never more widely recognized than today," he urged the farmers to continue strengthening of the co-operative institutions.

The orange-growers refused to accept no for an answer. They found out the author's name and address and called him at some length their request. Not until they received Mr. Shaw's one-word cable—easily guessed—in reply did they give up their efforts.

### An Interesting Study

Thousands Of Bees Found To Be Working In Full Force Colony

One of the most interesting studies in agriculture was carried out under the direction of C. B. Gooderham, Dominion Apiarist, relates to the number of "bees" or bees in a colony in the field at work gathering honey and nectar during the period of a heavy flow. On the basis of 5,000 bees to a pound of honey, it has been determined by recording the weights of colonies resting on weighing trucks, that as many as twenty-five thousand bees from one colony are working in the field at the time. In one case the total hive force was computed at 55,000 bees with 20,000 in the field, leaving a hive force of 35,000. In another case where the total colony numbered 56,000 it was found that 27,187 were flying abroad with a reserve hive force of 29,000.

Gauging from exposure to cold occurs more often in the temperate zone than in the Arctic regions.

A doctor says there are three ways of taking the early morning bath, hot, cold, and for granted.



Winnipeg Newspaper Union

By Annette



A NEW FRENCH BLOUSE TYPE THAT BUTTONS DOWN THE BACK

This little tuck-in model will add much interest to your wardrobe. It is exceedingly gay in Persian green blouse with matching trim green buttons. A similar idea is repeated on the flared back cuffs.

It's just a simple blouse as you'd wish for and so inexpensive. Style No. 825 is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust. Size 16 requires 1 1/2 yards 29-inch.

Crepe de chine is equally suited to this model. A vivid red, navy blue or Spanish blue shade is excellent choice with self-fabric half shaped buttons.

Then again, perhaps you prefer one of the soft crepe satins in eggshell, light pink, or French flutings. Lyonnais-pink, or French flutings. Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap copy carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 275 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

Country .....

Enclosed for pattern .....

Enclosed for material .....

Enclosed for postage .....

Enclosed for shipping .....

Enclosed for insurance .....

Enclosed for express .....

Enclosed for freight .....

Enclosed for duties .....

Enclosed for taxes .....

Enclosed for interest .....

Enclosed for commission .....

Enclosed for brokerage .....

Enclosed for storage .....

Enclosed for handling .....

Enclosed for packing .....

Enclosed for insurance .....

Enclosed for express .....

Enclosed for freight .....

Enclosed for duties .....

Enclosed for taxes .....

Enclosed for interest .....

Enclosed for commission .....

Enclosed for brokerage .....

Enclosed for storage .....

Enclosed for handling .....

Enclosed for packing .....

Enclosed for insurance .....

Enclosed for express .....

### Opinion Of Average Citizen

Radio Advertising Is Most Objectionable Writes One Of Them

Radio, unlike any other invention, brings the voices of the world uninvited right into our fireside. I say uninvited because no one ever turned on an advertising talk—they tuned in on the music, which soon degenerated into a driving so-called advertising effluvia.

I am Mr. Average Citizen, liking average things, speaking and pronouncing the King's English and struggling hard against the radio to raise my two children to be and do likewise. But whom does radio prod into uninvited into my bedside room and sit down at my dining room table? You know—impossible negroes, mispronouncing crossroad gossip, gross barbers for household equipment, moaning so-called tenors and silly salesfolk for shoes, etc., who talk feet, feet, feet, as I try to eat.

No such people as those ever darken my threshold in the flesh, yet radio, and in the name of advertising, if you please, enables them to crash in uninvited into my privacy, into my home—"my castle." Radio advertising is making us mad and telling us of the impotent state-crashing products not to buy.

Give us national broadcasting free of advertising as the ideal, position to confine the advertising to the mention of the sponsor's name only, and no mention in the King's English—Letter in Toronto Mail and Empire.

### Butterfat Record

Cremeries In Alberta Show Increase

Cremeries in Alberta received 840,915 pounds of butterfat in cream during the four weeks ending December 26, 1931, an increase of 105,633 pounds, or 14.4 per cent, over the receipts for December, 1930, according to an announcement from the Alberta Department of Agriculture.

Receipts of butterfat for the 52 weeks of 1931 amounted to 19,150,275 lbs., compared with 15,187,266 lbs. for the year 1930, an increase of 3,963,009 lbs., or 26.1 per cent. It is interesting to note that the increase for the year 1931 over 1930 in the northern section of the province was 29.9 per cent; in the central portion 33.2 per cent; and in the southern portion 12.0 per cent. The butterfat receipts for 1931 constitute a record for the province.

### Has Enjoyed Record Weather

Alakavik Had Second Highest Temperature Last Week In November

The residents of Alakavik on the Arctic Coast may well "pat themselves on the back" as for once in many a long year they had the distinction recently of recording the second-highest warmest temperature in the Dominion of Canada.

After having been known as Alakavik in the frozen Arctic wastes for 73 years it was with no small degree of pride that the inhabitants could state to a temperature of 42 degrees above zero the last week in November.

Only one other point in Canada recorded a warmer temperature on that date, while from the Kock-pen to the Atlantic, freezing temperatures prevailed.

### HER EXCELLENCY, THE COUNTESS OF BESSBOROUGH



Who accompanied the Governor-General of Canada at the Opening of the Second Session of Parliament on February 4th, and to the Drawing Room on the following day. This is a reproduction from one of Her Excellency's latest portraits.

## Despite Mournful Predictions, Social Economist Says That England Still Leads The World

### Costly To Canadians

Many Short Paid Letters Mailed By U.S. Firms

Numerous complaints are heard from citizens who have to pay 10 cents or more "postage due" on the majority of the letters received by them from the United States, due to wholesale ignorance on the part of the people of the United States about postal rates to Canada. The postage to Canada on a letter mailed in the United States is three cents. This has been published repeatedly, yet the average American continues placing two-cent stamps on the letters he sends to Canada, with the result that the recipients have to pay two cents additional for each letter. This additional postage does not go to the Dominion postal department, but to the United States postoffice department. Each letter that is sent from the United States carrying insufficient postage, is checked by the United States postal authorities and Canada has to compensate the United States for the amount of postage due. The question has been raised as to why letters that carry the names and addresses of the senders are not returned for additional postage rather than being sent on to the persons to whom the letters are addressed.

Letters that are coming "postage due" are simply circular mail carrying advertising matter that has been unsolicited and is not desired by the persons to whom it is addressed, yet they must pay two cents for each letter delivered.

### Spends Millions On Fleet

Last Ten Years Shows Great Increase In British Navy

In 1913 the United States had a fleet of 963,000 tons, Great Britain a fleet of 2,222,000 tons. Today the United States has a fleet of 1,170,000 tons and spends \$382,000,000 a year on it, whereas Great Britain has a fleet of 1,578,000 tons, costing \$271,000,000 in other words, the United States is spending 38 per cent more yearly on naval cost, than three times as much as she did in 1913, whereas Britain is spending but 10 per cent more. Combining army and navy and air defence cost of the United States last year spent \$442,000,000, the British Empire but \$460,000,000. "While other nations have felt that they were forced to prepare for war," declared President Coolidge in a Memorial Day address, "we have always been preparing for peace." Ottawa Journal.

### Encourage Native Industry

Nova Scotians Put On Provincial Campaign To Help Fishermen

Nova Scotians are going to make the most of the fact that they are going to like it, because a campaign of cooperation in the province is being put before public bodies of recipes for preparing the sea food in different and attractive forms. Necessity for such a campaign is seen in the report of the eastern fisheries division for December, 1931, which shows that the total quantity of all fish landed in Nova Scotia was 8,124,000 pounds, compared with 12,161,000 pounds landed in the same period in 1930.

### Warns Against Biting Lips

Practice Often Starts Cancer Claims Minnesota Doctor

Warning against biting the lips, which, especially in men, might cause cancer was given by Dr. Carl W. Waldron of Minneapolis in address to the Chicago Dental Society.

Five thousand deaths annually occur in this country from cancer of the mouth, jaws and lips, he estimated, adding that a large number could be prevented by keeping the mouth healthy.

Cancer of the lip might occur in young persons, he said, and it was 10 times more common in the lower lip than the upper and in men 10 times more often than women.

### Dog Liked Old Home

Given to a trapper in Smooth Stone Lake area, 100 miles north of Big River, last fall, Gerie, a police dog, disappeared a short time ago and turned up at the home for her former owners in a badly emaciated condition after having travelled 200 miles in biting cold weather.

There is nothing more desirable than a cook who can cook.

A world-wide economic conference within the next 12 months at which representatives from all countries in the world would gather to thresh out the world's economic problems, was the prediction made by Dr. J. Wesley Breedy, social economist and child welfare authority, of Toronto. Dr. Breedy was addressing a joint luncheon meeting of the Rotary and Canadian clubs in Moose Jaw.

Referring to England's recent swing to high tariff after 83 years of free trade, Dr. Breedy stated that Britain had receded from her position as the outstanding exponent of free trade for "purposes of practical expediency." United States and France by their tariff stand had made trade with England almost impossible, and now England was "giving them a dose of their own medicine."

"International commerce can't be conducted on a one-way street," was his comment.

Dr. Breedy believed a world economic conference such as he had in mind would be the start of a swing to greater free trade among the nations and the tearing down of the super-quota trade barriers. United States and France were now beginning to realize that nations, even as individuals, could not live on themselves, he said.

"Where now stands England?" was the topic upon which Dr. Breedy based his address, and during his remarks he told of personal observations made during his 10 years of social research work in England. Britain's day of glory was far from being past, he said, in spite of the mournful predictions which were being made for her from many sources.

England, following the war, was an exhausted nation, said the speaker, but in spite of her tremendous sacrifice of men and money she was still leading the way in the councils of the world. If England was so lacking in spirit and initiative, as it was claimed by her "professional mourners," it was to be wondered that at the present time she held all the world speed records on land, sea and air.

"And these records were all won in British machines—concocted and made by British hands," he remarked.

England's ships were still carrying the largest imports and exports of any country in the world and in spite of the concentrated attacks from New York, Japan and other centres of world finance, British trademarks still stood for honesty and integrity, and Britain's world today was still as good as her best," said the speaker vehemently.

Referring to criticisms leveled at Britain's monarchical system of government by leading economists of the United States, Dr. Breedy pointed out that the States had derived the idea of the monarchy from the United Kingdom. He said that the United States might have a monarchical system of government, but she was a free republic and one that she gave equal opportunity to all to rise to the highest positions, and the greatest statesmen in her history had come from the humblest ranks.

The speaker was of the opinion that if one wished to criticize, it would appear that in the United States the great majority of those who rose to high political power had to have either a strong political pull or be millionaires first.

In closing, reference was made to the question of reparations, and it was pointed out that, as far back as 1927 England had been prepared, for the world's good, to wipe the slate clean of all war debts. It was only because, however, that economists in the United States and France were beginning to wake up to the fact that post-war indifference had been the primary and devastating cause of the present economic chaos throughout the world.

"I didn't sleep at all doctor."

"You didn't you take the sleeping powder I gave you?"

"Yes, but when I thought that a little bit of powder could do so much I couldn't sleep for thinking of it!"—Kun, Vienna.

"I have been engaged to him for two years. Isn't it time I married him?"

"I don't know. If you really love him, let him be happy as long as possible."—Hummel, Hamburg.











## EDMONTON PLANS DEPORTATION OF RELIEF CHARGES

Edmonton, Alberta.—Wholesale deportation of all foreign immigrants who have become a charge on this city in less than five years' residence in Canada has been launched by the city relief department, Thomas Magee, superintendent, has stated.

It is estimated that nearly 50 per cent of those now drawing relief from the city are fit subjects for deportation, and Mr. Magee declared that active steps would be taken to deport as many as possible.

Mr. Magee declared that his department had already made application for the deportation of between 200 and 400 relief charges, and this number was being increased daily.

Many British immigrants in addition to hundreds from central European countries, who have resided in Canada for less than five years, have become public charges and accordingly, under federal law, are liable for deportation.

Mr. Magee and his assistant, Frank Drayton, explained that deportation proceedings constituted a cumbersome process. All applications for deportation must be filed with the Federal Immigration Department in Edmonton, and are then forwarded to Ottawa. Fully three months are required to complete the deportation of any case.

Mr. Magee was unable to state the exact number that had actually been deported to date, but he reported that deportation efforts of his department were meeting with great success.

"We are deporting indigent immigrants as fast as we can," he stated, "and will pursue this policy vigorously," Mr. Drayton declared.

## World Is Expecting Much From Geneva

British Labor Leader Hopes Expectations Will Be Realized  
London, England.—Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, British Labor Party leader, and former Foreign Secretary, has gone to Geneva, Switzerland, to preside at the World Disarmament Conference.

"The world is expecting much from Geneva," Mr. Henderson said, "and I am hopeful that these expectations will not be disappointed."

Headed by Sir George Perley, the Canadian delegation to the World Disarmament Conference at Geneva arrived at Cheshburg.

## France Wants Support From United States

Without Their Aid Reparations Problem Not Be Solved

Paris, France.—The French government determined to pursue negotiations with Great Britain on the reparations problem and is optimistically convinced some arrangement will be devised eventually.

France is desirous of treating the entire problem in an accommodating spirit, but with a full realization that no real solution can be formulated unless the United States comes into the picture effectively and becomes an integral part of the reparations cycle.

## Makes New Swimming Record

Boy Swims Five and Half Miles in University Pool

Saskatoon, Sask.—Swimming 652 lengths of the University of Saskatchewan swimming pool, William Craven, Emmanuel College student, held the Saskatchewan record for a fresh water swimming pool. The previous record, Joe Griffiths' record, was that of Leslie Skinner, of the College of Medicine, made in 1929. As the pool is 45 feet in length the distance was over five and a half miles. Craven was in the water from 7:15 to 11:55.

## No Polish Change In B.C.

Victoria, B.C.—The British Columbia Government has not been approached on the question of the taking over of provincial police services in Canada by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and such a move, insofar as this province is concerned, has never been entertained. It was stated here by Hon. R. H. Pooley, Attorney-General.

## France Is Militant

Paris, France.—The naval affairs committee of the Chamber of Deputies, by a vote of 16 to two, went on record as favoring the immediate construction of a 20,000-ton battle cruiser as the French answer to Germany's "pocket battleships."

W. N. U. 1927

## Plans Another Polar Trip

Sir Hubert Wilkins May Build Special Type Of Submarine For Purpose

Victoria, B.C.—In a new type of submarine, differing from any undersea boat yet designed, Sir Hubert Wilkins, Australian explorer, plans to make another expedition next year under North Pole ice.

He may take a holiday over the Antarctic in the fall and an also considering another submarine expedition under North Pole ice the following summer," he stated.

"For my next under-ice expedition," said Sir Hubert, "I have in mind the building of a special type of submarine which will be hydraulically propelled. In 1925, I discussed with Vickers engineers a type of submarine which would be suitable for exploration work under Polar ice. He said he did not know where his new submarine would be built.

Compressed air, he said, would be used for the propulsion of the undersea boat, in place of batteries. It would not be designed for quick dives. The submarine would have great power, but would be geared for slow speed, as speedy submarines are not speeded for exploration work.

"I propose to eliminate diving rods and possibly external propellers," he said.

He had estimated the cost of the new vessel at anywhere from \$150,000 to \$200,000.

## Depression and Apathy

Prince Of Wales Plans Path On The Younger Generation

London, England.—Depression and apathy are the devil's own, the Prince of Wales told 10,000 boys at the Albert Hall at a meeting arranged by the National Council for Social Service.

"They're not English," he cried, "away with them!" and the roof rang with cheers.

"Gentlemen said a good many years ago, that the Englishman is the one who stands firm in his shoes," said the Prince, "and I know this is true of the rising generation of today."

"So far as I am concerned, many paths in life are closed to me. Much that I would like to do I cannot, but I have got to bring the people of the Empire closer together. I have had my failures, I know, but I have had my successes. I have tried to guide you, to have had no failure is to have attempted nothing.

"There is a danger that some people are getting too used to the present critical situation," he said.

"It's no use waiting for that doubt which is a good thing coming. I have got to fight, and here I pin my faith to the younger generation to keep England a bulwark for the cause of peace, to bring our great heritage in trust for those who come after."

## Fast Mail Planes Ordered

British Hopes To Double Speed Of Mail Delivery

London, England.—The air ministry has announced plans whereby it hopes to double the speed of air mail delivery on all Empire sky routes. The ministry placed an order with the Canadian Air Mail Builders of the famous Royal Air Force high speed bombers, for a new type of all-metal plane capable of a cruising speed of 200 miles an hour and a service ceiling of 12,000 feet.

This machine, it was said, will be the forerunner of a fleet of similar craft which would carry two pilots and 1,000 pounds of mail. Each machine would have a cruising radius of 1,000 miles with full load.

## Police Make Seizure

Montreal, Que.—More than 1,000,000 lottery tickets were seized here when provincial police descended upon a printing plant. No arrests were made but officers took printing plates to police headquarters pending further investigation. About 20 men were being running the presses when authorities entered the plant.

## Favors Government Union

Ottawa, Ont.—Commenting on his proposed plans for unification of governments in the three prairie provinces, Premier Bracken, here on official business, said his idea has met with a certain amount of success and that Premiers Anderson and Brownlee have expressed willingness to consider the matter.

## Old 'Munition' Officer Dead

Atlanta, Ga.—Colonel Joseph V. National, retired officer of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and wartime commander of a Canadian artillery regiment, died here January 26. Colonel Nelligan who had lived here for the past three years was 76 years old and had been in failing health for some time.

## Receive Life Sentences

Two Bengali School Girls To Be Transferred Following Conviction On Murder Charge

Calcutta, India.—Wearing red saris and with their hair adorned with lotus flowers, Miss Santu Ghose and Miss Bunty Choudhury, Bengali school girls, were sentenced to "transportation for life" for the murder of Magistrate C. G. H. Stevens.

As it is no longer the policy of the government to send prisoners outside of India, it was believed the two girls would be expelled to some province out of Bengal where they would be held in restraint.

When the terms of their sentence were translated to them they seemed indifferent.

Life sentences carry remission amounting to two months yearly for good conduct, so the girls may be expected to be imprisoned for about 16 years. They probably will be nurses or clerical assistants, although their sentence theoretically calls for hard labour.

## SAYS JAPANESE AIM DOMINATION OF THE PACIFIC

Shanghai, China.—The Chinese authorities of Shanghai prepared the way for capitulation to the Japanese ultimatum that they suppress and ban Japan now has 24 ships of war in the Whangpo River off the city.

Chinese forces said the municipal government had ordered the Bureau of Public Safety to close the local branch of the National Salvation Society, one of the leaders in the boycott movement.

This decision was reached after new formal demands were made by Japan.

While the negotiations were going on 2,400 British and United States marines prepared to take over the defence of the international settlement, and about 10,000 Chinese troops took up stations.

Eugene Chen, who recently resigned as China's Foreign Minister, declared the Japanese policy toward China eventually would mean war between Japan and the United States. Tokyo, he said, was determined to master the Pacific, and to achieve that aim conflict with the United States was inevitable.

First, he asserted, Japan looks to unconditional annexation of Manchuria, from which she can dominate the entire Asiatic mainland, and then to the conquest of Australia.

T-ee steps, he said, are "being carried out by the medieval-minded military shogunate in the form of a general staff which is the real government of Japan."

"Men of this type planned the China-Japanese and Russo-Japanese wars," said Dr. Chen, "now they are planning to dominate all Asia, including Australia."

"Between her and this goal stands the United States. Therefore, she plans for war. While other nations disarm, she arms. Manchuria is but a preparatory step for her greatest conflict in which she hopes to banish forever the influence of western nations in the Pacific Ocean."

The Chinese made extensive preparations to repel a possible invasion. Military patrols were established outside the city so that both the foreign settlement and the Chinese sections were completely surrounded.

## TAKE OVER CANADIAN PREVENTIVE SERVICE

Commander Howe (left), head of the Naval Branch of the Department of National Defence and Major-General James H. MacBrien (right), Chief Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, who will direct Canadian preventive work both on sea and land, according to reports from Government officials. Previously the highly responsible work of preventing foreign agents from the high seas and in remote parts of the Dominion was carried on by the Department of National Revenue, and the change has been made in order to make the preventive work more effective and more economical.

## LEADER RESIGNS

Hon. W. B. Willoughby, Government Leader of the Upper Chamber at Ottawa, who has been forced to resign because of ill health.

London, England.—Lord Irwin, former viceroy of India, said in a speech before the House of Lords that the present trouble in India lies with the National Congress Party.

"I think there is little doubt that Lord Irwin did not want this condition to arise," he said, "but I believe that while he was in this country for the Round Table Conference some of his lieutenants in India created a situation which he could not control when he got home."

"If I had been in India as viceroy I don't think I should have acted any differently than Lord Willoughby has done."

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## Free To Make Agreements

British Government Entering Imperial Conference Entirely Unfettered

London, England.—The British Government will enter the Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa, free and unfettered; no prior commitments will be made with foreign countries which might prejudice free discussions and possible trade agreements at Ottawa.

July 21 and 22 are two of the dates which are being reserved for the opening of the Imperial Economic Conference.

## King Of Timber Wolves Captured

Sudbury, Ont.—The king of all timber wolves near Neveline is no more. Orland Begun, a farmer there, now has his pet, more than seven feet in length. Begun snared the animal, but he was lucky, for around the wolf's neck were two old snare traps he had previously broken in defiance of all the wolf-hunting equipment that the Ontario Government has been able to procure.

## Appointment Of New Minister Of Finance

Rumor States Hon. Edgar Rhodes Will Take Office

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. Edgar N. Rhodes will be Minister of Finance when parliament opens. Prime Minister R. B. Bennett intends to relinquish the duties of that department shortly, and Mr. Rhodes will then be sworn in. Intimation to this effect is made in highest circles. For the past few days, however, the whole of the session, Mr. Rhodes will retain also the administration of the Department of Finance.

Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Mines, will very probably take over the portfolio of Finance. This is dependent on the condition of health of Hon. Gidson Robertson, now in the West Indies, recuperating from his recent illness.

While there is vague rumor of one possible other change, there is no indication of anything definite. If the further change takes place, and it does not seem very likely at the moment, the portfolio of Ministry of Fisheries would be available for the shuffle.

Need To Overcome Drouth  
To Get Outlay Of \$300,000,000 For Trees On Prairies

Montreal, Que.—There is an urgent need for an outlay of \$300,000,000 to grow trees on the prairie provinces in the next few years in order to have western farmers from further drouth loss. H. O. Sweeney, retiring president of the Canadian Forestry Association, said the conviction of that body here.

Agriculture is dependent upon the forest. Mr. Sweeney said, and the great drouth in southern Saskatchewan would not have occurred if there were ample forest cover across the agricultural area of the west.

Mixed farming on the prairies is hopeless without trees, he said, and artificial means ought to be employed to aid in growing trees. After sufficient trees have been grown by aid of irrigation, the natural moisture will be maintained with water.

The cost of irrigating the dry belts of the west, planting trees, developing power and pumping water would not exceed the losses of two such dry years as the year 1931, Mr. Sweeney declared.

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## NATIONAL POLICY FOR RETAINING BEST BRAINS HERE

Vancouver, B.C.—An appeal to induce the emigration of the Canadian materials and to stop the flow of the best brains among the youth of Canada to foreign countries was made by Dr. H. M. Tully, president of the National Research Council of Canada, addressing the Canadian Construction Annual Convention here.

More than 70 delegates from points as far east as St. John, N.B., and about 200 delegates from British Columbia centres heard Dr. Tully's appeal for support for the youth of the nation engaged in scientific research.

"A national policy is needed to keep the young men of Canada at home," he said. "The time will come when it will be necessary to tell the governments of the provinces that we have a young man that should be encouraged to stay at home, and it will no longer be a question of cost. We have got to learn the value of good men. We must use the first class brains of the nation, for a nation that uses only the second and fourth class can't expect to be anything more than a third or fourth class nation."

No nation is doing more today to retain its scientific talent than Canada in co-operation with industry than Great Britain, Dr. Tully said. "And we will find that when this depression is over that Great Britain will come out on top. I only hope that we can keep pace with her," he said.

Foundation of national research councils throughout the British Empire, he said, was the outcome of Britain's efforts to restore the fundamentals of industry. Before the councils were formed, Dr. Tully said no nation in the world did less to encourage scientific research in its relationship to industry than Great Britain.

He cited instances to show that the scientific institutions in the United States today were guided by Canadians, who had emigrated to that country to complete their education.

## U. S. CONSIDERS BOYCOTT ON JAPANESE GOODS

Washington.—Joint economic pressure on Japan to halt its invasion of China is being considered by the United States and Great Britain, it was learned here today.

The possibility of imposing a boycott upon Japan has been discussed informally with Great Britain whose attitude has been known to the United States.

The efficacy of such a boycott would depend largely upon her co-operation. Another alternative would be an embargo prohibiting importation of Japanese goods. This move, however, would require an act of congress whereas a boycott could be accomplished without congressional sanction.

No provisions for such economic pressure are contained in any treaty to which the United States is a signatory power, but there is nothing in international law to prohibit such a move.

A boycott might take the form of restriction of passports to Japan and co-operation of banking and business interests in restricting credits to and imports from that country. Some letters have been received at Washington from prominent business men in Japan suggesting an embargo on Japanese silk.

Chairman William E. Borah of the senate foreign relations committee refused to comment on the proposition, but asserted he would withhold a boycott until such action was called to the attention of the senate. Several senators, however, favor the League of Nations was discussing the possibility of joint economic action to force Japan to alter its present situation.

"A boycott would lead to war,"

## Asks For Explanation

United States Wants To Know What Japan Purposes To Do At Shanghai

Tokyo, Japan.—The United States Government asked for an explanation of what Japan purposes to do in dealing with the controversy with the Chinese at Shanghai.

The inquiry, contained in a note from United States Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson, was answered rather than on the Stimson note itself, said the United States "seems unduly alarmed."

It was authoritatively said the Stimson note could not be considered as a protest. The communication pointed out, it was understood, that the United States has large commercial interests in Shanghai.

## Policy Of Economy

Hon. E. Rhodes Says Thrift Needed In Administration Of Public Affairs

Ottawa, Ont.—The way to prosperity can't be accomplished by extravagance, Hon. Edgar N. Rhodes, Minister of Fisheries, declared in an address of welcome to the educational congress of the Ottawa branch of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada.

Mr. Rhodes said a strict policy of economy must be followed by the provincial and municipal governments. "We can't lift ourselves by our financial bootstraps. We must soon revert to the good old doctrine of thrift."

## Fought For Twenty Years

Two North African Provinces Finally Conquered By Italy

Tripoli, Libya, Africa.—Over the dome forms of 2,000 rebel tribesmen and after 20 years of incessant warfare, Italy's banners float across the "useful and sad" in North Africa known as the colonies of Tripoli and Cyrenaica. Marshal Badoglio, military governor of Libya, formally reported to the government that the provinces had been thoroughly pacified and occupied for the first time since Italian troops landed in 1912, when Turkey renounced her rights.

## Ex-Kaiser Seventy-Three

Berlin, Germany.—Former Kaiser Wilhelm II, now an exile at Doorn, Holland, was 73 years old January 27. The chief notice taken here of what was once Germany's grandest holdout was in the National press, which devoted no space than usual to celebrating "his Majesty," referring to the need for a "firm hand" in Germany at the present moment and recalling the days of the empire.



## Champion Groceries

### Some of our Regular Prices

Quaker Tomato Catsup, No. 2 tins, 2 for.....	25c
Bridger Canyon Seive & Peas, No. 2 tins, per tin.	13c
Kraft Mayonnaise, 8 1-2 oz. jar.....	25c
Plain Pencils, 2 for.....	5c
Fresh Roasted Peanuts, 3 lbs. for.....	25c
Robertson Chocolate Bars, 2 for 5c or 7 for.....	15c
Chateau Cheese, 1-2 lb. pkg.....	22c
Mother Goose 5 string light weight Brooms....	75c

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Champion, Alberta

Mr. J. D. Henderson is the new treasurer of the church.

A financial statement of the United Church will be mailed to all who con- tribute to its budget.

Beginning Friday, February 8th a half hour Religious Instruction will be given in Blusson School at 9 o'clock. All schools desiring this service will kindly get in touch with the Rev. Peter Dawson.

Dr. and Mrs. Fréze motored to Turner Valley Friday to see Mr. J. Cassidy who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Berger, who has been visiting in Nanaimo, returned to Champion this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hummel are receiving congratulations on the birth of twins on Friday January 29. Ramon Edwin and Beulah Maude.

A number of young people from town attended the dance held at Alston on Friday night. A large crowd were present, many from Claresholm, Nanaimo, Starey and Vulcan being in attendance.

Born-To Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz, a son, on Saturday January 30. Andrew Jacob.

Mr. W. Bozarth has been on the sick list this week.

Word has been received that Mr. A. H. Postman had the misfortune to break his hip bone and is a patient in the Calgary General Hospital. Mr. Postman's condition is reported as serious.

Mrs. Hazel McDougall has been confined to her bed during the past two weeks.

Mr. G. Orr motored to Calgary during the week.

Friends of Mrs. Clarence Davis will be glad to learn that she has recovered from her recent illness.

Mrs. Campbell returned home Monday, having spent a few days in Calgary.

Mr. B. Starr and Mr. F. Starr of Browning Montana are visitors in town.

The Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. J. McIntyre on Thursday January 28. Mrs. Dawson was elected secretary for the year. Means of making talent money was discussed. It was decided to hold a Valentine Tea at the home of Mrs. J. N. Beaulier.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Dobbs were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lamont during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Davies wish to thank Dr. Freeze and Mrs. Luchina and the Ladies Aid for the lovely flowers and all kind friends who helped during Mrs. Davies' illness.

The C. W. L. are having a bake sale and tea at Farmers Hardware on Saturday February 6.

## Champion United Church

Rev. Peter Dawson Minister

Sunday, February 7th.

10:30 a.m., Sunday School at Blusson Service will be held at Blusson Sunday morning at 11:30 and every Sunday morning hereafter during the winter months.

2 p.m. Service and Sunday School at Sanderson.

11 a.m., Champion Sunday school, 7:30 p.m., Evening Worship at Champion—Subject, "The Old Testament Prediged."

## For Sale

R. O. M. Mammoth Bronze Turkeys 8 plus tons at \$15.00.

It tons at \$10.00.

B hens at \$8.00.

Mrs. W. R. McRae Draver 6 Champion Alta.

## For Sale

Two Milch Cows, both fresh. Apply to Mike Beingsen. Phone 710

## Alfalfa Hay

For sale. Apply at Savy Hotel.

## For Sale

Bronze Turkeys, Govt. Banded.

1 Young Tom B-plus 30 lbs. \$15.00

1 Young Tom B-plus 28 lbs. \$10.00

1 Young Tom B-plus 25 lbs. \$10.00

Also B and C Banded hens, weight 15 to 17 lbs.

Mrs. J. W. Cain Phone R313

## HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At Champion Every Thursday.

## These Boys Know Their Onions

The Champion Juvenile Hockey Team met Camargay for the third time this year, on the latter's ice, last Saturday afternoon. The weather was rather cold but that did not hold the local boys in check as they came through with another victory to the tune of 6-0. The goals were well spread out among the players as A. Latiff got one, W. Anderson one, B. McCullough one, P. Bastin two and D. Campbell one. The other two members, D. Stephenson and R. Latiff did everything looking but got into the scoring column. H. Taylor played his usual stellar game in goal.

The local boys met stiff opposition when they met Vulcan Tuesday night in the Vulcan Arena. Weather and ice conditions were the best and both teams gave the best they had. Our boys were beaten but not disgraced as it was a matter of too much Marshall who is by the way an outstanding hockeyist, with the High River Fliers. At the end of the game the score read, Vulcan 5 Champion 3. D. Campbell, R. Latiff and H. Taylor all carry marks of a strenuous battle especially Taylor when he faced one that the puck was somewhat harder than his head—all due respects to Harry's head. D. Campbell, with a couple of goals and P. Bastin with one, scored for the local team.

Vulcan is to be congratulated on the team they have as they know hockey and work nicely. They must have a good team as it takes a real team to defeat the locals.

# FARMERS

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"Increased Root Development"

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"More Resistance to Plant Diseases and insect Pests"

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FARMERS do not fail to attend the illustrated MEETING

## Community Hall, Champion Wednesday, Feb. 10 at 2. p.m.

The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. Ltd

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## HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates: \$2.50 and \$3.00

Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices.

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RATES: \$1.50; Baths \$2.00. Weekly and Monthly Rates.

## Turner Valley Gasoline at 22 1-2c per gal.

ALSO

regular Premier Gasoline  
at the Regular price

## Granlin Motors

## Women's Institute

Mrs. J. M. Moffatt will entertain the Champion Women's Institute at her home on Tuesday afternoon Feb. 9th at their regular monthly meeting. A paper will be read by Mrs. H. I. Baker, "Women's Institutes—A Force", by Mrs. W. F. Cameron, Dominion President. Mrs. Dawson will review Current Events, and musical items will be included in the program. Members are asked to come prepared with money making suggestions. Roll Call; Humorous Valentine Quotations.

## G. H. Mark

### New Councillor

The annual Village ratepayers meeting was held in the Community Hall February 3. A General discussion took place after which the reports were adopted. Nominations were called for councillor and G. H. Mark was declared elected.

G. I. Dupon, J. McIntyre, Herbert Cooper, J. M. Moffatt, R. A. Clements and J. O. Bell were visitors at the Mascoe Lodge in Lethbridge on Tuesday night.

K. R. McLean, R.O., of McLean & Anderson, Sight Specialist of 224, 8th Ave. West, Calgary, will make his monthly visit to Champion, Friday, February 20, at the Drug store.



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The Best Tonic for  
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It is better than ordinary cough medicines, for it reaches the seat of the trouble, relieves the cough and supplies essential treatment to build up the system to withstand future attacks. A splendid blood and body-building tonic for both young and old who take it regularly.

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